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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
. 09/610,216	07/05/2000	Roland D. Tai	1624.001A	4737	
9629	7590 09/16/2005		EXAMINER		
MORGAN LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP			LASTRA, DANIEL		
	ON, DC 20004		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•		3622		
			DATE MAILED: 09/16/200	DATE MAILED: 09/16/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/610,216	TAI, ROLAND D.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		DANIEL LASTRA	3622			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 Ju	ine 2005				
	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)	• 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>40-42,45-49,52 and 53</u> is/are pending in the application.					
,—	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)[]	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)🖂	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>40-42,45-49,52 and 53</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	•			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage			
	application from the International Bureau					
* \$	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.			
•						
Attachmen	t(s)					
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) D Notic	, <u> </u>					
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F	ratent Application (PTO-152)			
·		, <u> </u>				

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 40-42, 45-49, 52 and 53 have been examined. Application 09/610,216 has a filing date 07/05/2000 and is a continuation of 09026289 (02/19/1998)

Response to Amendment

2. In response to Non Final Rejection filed 01/07/2005, the Applicant filed an Amendment on 06/30/2005, which amended claims 40, 46, 47 and 53. Applicant's amendment overcame the Section 112 rejection.

Claim Objections

3. Claim 40 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 40 recites in line 12 "the **identify** of the specific customer" when it should recite "the **identity** of the specific customer". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 40-42, 45-49, 52 and 53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Smith</u> (US 5,995,942) in view of <u>Day</u> (US 6,484,146).

As per claims 40 and 47, Smith teaches:

A system for providing promotions comprising:

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a printed promotion carrier which carries information corresponding to a plurality of promotions for sale of a product (see Smith figure 6), the promotion carrier having a machine readable code thereon which identifies the promotion carrier and a respective specific customer identifier corresponding to the identified promotion carrier, the respective specific customer identifier corresponding to a specific customer pre-selected to receive the printed promotion carrier (see Smith column 5, lines 22-30; figure 6, item "barcode"), each promotion being associated with a product, each product having a machine readable product code (see Smith figure 6, column 5, lines 24-26; column 8, lines 1-10) and the printed promotion carrier being presented by the specific customer when used for each of the plurality of promotions for sale of the product (see Smith column 7, lines 50-67).

a reading device capable of reading the machine readable code and machine readable product codes, and configured to provide a data signal bearing information indicative of the identity of the promotion carrier, the identity of the specific customer and the identity of a plurality of selected products (see <u>Smith</u> column 5, lines 24-26; column 7, lines 55-62; column 8, lines 1-19); and

a computer facility capable of receiving the data signal and configured to determine if the promotion carrier contains a redeemable promotion for a product of the plurality of selected products (see <u>Smith</u> column 8, lines 1-19),

Smith fails to teach:

wherein the data signal contains a promotion carrier data signal bearing information indicative of an identity of the promotion carrier presented to the reading

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device, and the computer facility determines if there are valid promotions contained on the promotion carrier, *by determining* if a promotion on the promotion carrier has already been presented in a completed transaction, and identifying the promotion as a valid promotion if it has not already been presented in a completed transaction. However, <u>Day</u> teaches detecting and avoiding double couponing (see column 6, line 55 – column 7, line 10). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to identify promotions as valid if not already presented in Smith in order to allow a household to participate in the reward offer while preventing double couponing (using the same offer more than once).

As per claims 41 and 48, Smith teaches:

The system of claim 40, wherein the machine readable code is a bar code and the reading device is a bar code reading device (see <u>Smith</u> figure 6).

As per claims 42 and 49, Smith teaches:

The system of claim 40, wherein the data signal contains a product data signal bearing information indicative of an identity of the plurality of selected products and the computer facility determines a purchase price of the selected products (see <u>Smith</u> column 3, lines 15-25; column 8, lines 1-20).

As per claims 45 and 52, Smith teaches:

The system of claim 42, further comprising a check out terminal associated with the reading device and configured to receive payment for the selected products, wherein the computer facility is configured to generate a subtotal purchase price for the selected products, subtract valid promotions from the subtotal purchase price to

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generate a customer bill, and provide the customer bill to the check out terminal (see Smith column 3, lines 17-25).

As per claims 46 and 53, Smith teaches:

The system of claim 40, wherein

when the computer facility receives the data signal bearing information indicative of the identity of the promotion carrier for a completed transaction, data regarding all products comprising the completed transaction are stored (see <u>Smith</u> column 8, lines 9-19);

the system further comprising a data analysis facility which is configured to analyze the data signal and the data regarding all products comprising the completed transaction to determine predetermined aspects of the use of the promotion carrier (see Smith column 8, lines 9-20) including identities of each product of the completed transaction and at least one of the total charged amount for the completed transaction exceeding a predetermined value (see Smith column 3, lines 17-22), each product of the completed transaction providing a profit exceeding a predetermined money amount and each product of the completed transaction providing a profit exceeding a predetermined percentage (see Smith column 8, lines 9-20; "purchase volume of a particular product"). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that if Smith determines the purchase totals to reflect savings (see Smith column 3, lines 19-22) and identifies purchase volume of a particular product, then Smith would use said identification to determine promotions that are producing profits (i.e. profits exceeding a predetermined volume or percentage) and

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would adjust the targeting of said promotions to customers based upon said determination. Smith would determine products that are not selling (i.e. low volume) and would target incentives to customers to entice customers to purchase said low selling products.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 06/30/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicant argues that <u>Smith</u> cannot be combined with <u>Day</u> to teach a reusable printed promotion carrier because <u>Smith</u> cancel a printed promotion carrier once a scanner scans said promotion carrier. The Examiner answers that the Applicant is arguing about features that are not stated in the claims. Applicant's amendment canceled the limitation reusable printed promotion carrier, the claims steps do not recite any particular steps that lead to the promotion being reusable.

The Applicant argues that the reference <u>Day</u> cannot be used to teach the limitation "the computer facility determines if a detected promotion on the promotion carrier has already been presented in a completed transaction, and identifies the detected promotion as a valid promotion if it has not already been presented in a completed transaction" because in <u>Day</u> the customer's shopping list of special offers is never presented to a reading device for reading a machine readable code on the shopping list associated with each product having a special product offer. The Examiner answers that <u>Day</u> teaches in column 6, lines 56-67 a system that verifies if a coupon is presented twice to avoid double couponing. Therefore, <u>Day</u> identifies the detected

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promotion (i.e. coupon) as a valid promotion if it has not already been presented in a completed transaction (i.e. trying to use a coupon more than once).

The Applicant argues that Day does not teach "a promotion carrier which bears a plurality of offers for sale of a plurality of promotions... and the printed promotion carrier being presented by the specific customer when used for each of the plurality of promotions for sale of the product". The Examiner answers that <u>Smith</u> teaches said limitation in column 5, lines 21-31 and figure 6. Objection to the claims and the Section 112 rejection have been withdrawn.

Conclusion

6. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANIEL LASTRA whose telephone number is 571-272-6720. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, ERIC W. STAMBER can be reached on 571-272-6724. The Examiner's Right fax number is 571-273-6720.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Daniel Lastra September 10, 2005

PRIMARY EXAMINER